

# Golden sheet E2009, ver. 1.0

## 1 Termodynamik

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Termodynamikkens 1. lov:                   | $dU = q + w = q - pdV$   |
| Termodynamikkens 2. lov (isoleret system): | $\Delta S \geq 0, \quad S = k \ln \Omega$                        |
| Termodynamikkens 3. lov:                   | $T \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow S \rightarrow 0, C_x \rightarrow 0$ |
| Entropitilvækst ved tilført varme:         | $dS \geq \frac{q}{T}$  |
|  | $dS = \frac{q}{T}$ (Quasistatisk, Reversibelt)                   |
| Ækvipartitionsprincippet:                  | $U = \frac{f}{2} N k_B T, \quad f = \# \text{ frihedsgrader.}$   |

Termodynamiske potentialer:

| Potentiale                | Differentialform           | Maxwell relation   |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| $U$                       | $dU = +TdS - PdV + \mu dN$ | $(\frac{\partial T}{\partial V})_{S,N} = -(\frac{\partial P}{\partial S})_{V,N}$ |
| $H = U + PV$              | $dH = +TdS + VdP + \mu dN$ | $(\frac{\partial T}{\partial P})_{S,N} = +(\frac{\partial V}{\partial S})_{P,N}$ |
| $F = U - TS$              | $dF = -SdT - PdV + \mu dN$ | $(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V})_{T,N} = +(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T})_{V,N}$ |
| $G = U + PV - TS = \mu N$ | $dG = -SdT + VdP + \mu dN$ | $(\frac{\partial S}{\partial P})_{T,N} = -(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T})_{P,N}$ |

Linære responsefunktioner ( $dN=0$ ):

|                       |   |   |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| Varmekapacitet        | $C_V = (\frac{\partial U}{\partial T})_V = T (\frac{\partial S}{\partial T})_V$ | $C_P = (\frac{\partial H}{\partial T})_P = T (\frac{\partial S}{\partial T})_P$ |
| Udvidelseskoefficient | $\alpha_P = +\frac{1}{V} (\frac{\partial V}{\partial T})_P$                     | $\alpha_S = -\frac{1}{V} (\frac{\partial V}{\partial T})_S$                     |
| Kompressibilitet      | $\kappa_T = -\frac{1}{V} (\frac{\partial V}{\partial P})_T$                     | $\kappa_S = -\frac{1}{V} (\frac{\partial V}{\partial P})_S$                     |
| Bulkmodul             | $K_T = -V (\frac{\partial P}{\partial V})_T = \frac{1}{\kappa_T}$               | $K_S = -V (\frac{\partial P}{\partial V})_S = \frac{1}{\kappa_S}$               |
| Trykkoefficient       | $\beta_V = (\frac{\partial P}{\partial T})_V$                                   | $\beta_S = (\frac{\partial P}{\partial T})_S$                                   |

$dV = 0$ : Isochor;  $dP = 0$ : Isobar;  $dT = 0$ : Isoterm;  $dS = 0$ : Adiabat

## 2 Statistisk mekanik

I termisk ligevægt med omgivelserne:  $p(s) = \frac{e^{-\beta E(s)}}{Z}, \quad \beta \equiv \frac{1}{k_B T}$

Tilstandssummen:  $Z = \sum_s e^{-\beta E(s)}$  ( $\Rightarrow \sum_s p(s) = 1$ )

Middelværdi af variablen  $A$ :  $\langle A \rangle = \sum_s A(s)p(s) = \sum_s A(s) \frac{e^{-\beta E(s)}}{Z}$

Middelenergi:  $U = \langle E \rangle = -\frac{\partial \ln(Z)}{\partial \beta} = -\frac{1}{Z} \frac{\partial Z}{\partial \beta}$

Helmholtz fri energi:  $F = -k_B T \ln(Z)$

Skelnelige, uafhængige "partikler":  $Z = Z_1 \cdot Z_2 \cdot Z_3 \cdot Z_4 \cdot \dots$  ( $E = E_1 + E_2 + E_3 + E_4 + \dots$ )  
Uskelnelige, uafhængige "partikler":  $Z = Z_1^N / N!$

## 3 Ideal-gas

Tilstandsligning:  $pV = Nk_B T = nRT$

Adiabat:  $pV^\gamma = const, \gamma = \frac{C_P}{C_V} = \frac{f+2}{f}$

Isoterm kompression:  $W = NkT \ln \frac{V_f}{V_i}$

## 4 Matematik

Binomial-koefficienten:  $\binom{N}{n} = \frac{N!}{n!(N-n)!}$

Stirling:  $\ln(N!) \approx N \ln(N) - N$  ( $N \gg 1$ )

Taylor udvikling:  $f(x) = f(a) + f'(a)(x-a) + \frac{f''(a)}{2!}(x-a)^2 + \frac{f'''(a)}{3!}(x-a)^3 + \dots$

$$e^x = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} + \dots$$

$$\ln(1+x) = x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} + \dots$$

$$\sin(x) = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \dots$$

$$\cos(x) = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \dots$$

$$\frac{1}{1-x} = 1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + \dots$$

$$(1+x)^\alpha = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{\alpha}{n} x^n, \text{ hvor } \binom{\alpha}{n} = \frac{\alpha(\alpha-1)(\alpha-2)\dots(\alpha-n+1)}{n!}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^{\infty} x^n \exp(-ax^2) &= I(n, a), \quad \frac{\partial I(n, a)}{\partial a} = -I(n+2, a) \\ I(0, a) &= \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\pi}a^{-1/2} & I(2, a) &= \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\pi}a^{-3/2} & I(4, a) &= \frac{3}{8}\sqrt{\pi}a^{-5/2} \\ I(1, a) &= \frac{1}{2}a^{-1} & I(3, a) &= \frac{1}{2}a^{-2} & I(5, a) &= a^{-3} \end{aligned}$$


---

$Z$  betragtes som en funktion af  $X$  og  $Y$  ( $Z = Z(X, Y)$ ):

$$\begin{aligned} dZ &= \left( \frac{\partial Z}{\partial X} \right)_Y dX + \left( \frac{\partial Z}{\partial Y} \right)_X dY && [\text{Total differential}] \\ \left( \frac{\partial Z}{\partial X} \right)_Y &= \left[ \left( \frac{\partial X}{\partial Z} \right)_Y \right]^{-1} && [\text{Den inverse af den afledte}] \\ \left( \frac{\partial Z}{\partial X} \right)_Y &= \left( \frac{\partial Z}{\partial Q} \right)_Y \left( \frac{\partial Q}{\partial X} \right)_Y && [\text{Kæderegrællen}] \\ -1 &= \left( \frac{\partial Z}{\partial X} \right)_Y \left( \frac{\partial X}{\partial Y} \right)_Z \left( \frac{\partial Y}{\partial Z} \right)_X && [\text{"Den falske kæderegræl"}] \\ \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial X} \left( \frac{\partial Z}{\partial Y} \right)_X \right)_Y &= \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial Y} \left( \frac{\partial Z}{\partial X} \right)_Y \right)_X && [\text{Ombytning af diff. rækkefølge}] \end{aligned}$$

## 5 Konstanter

$$k_B = 1.381 \cdot 10^{-23} \text{ J/K} = 8.617 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ eV/K} \quad R = 8.315 \text{ J/(mol K)}$$

$$N_A = 6.022 \cdot 10^{23}$$

$$h = 6.626 \cdot 10^{-34} \text{ J s} = 4.136 \cdot 10^{-15} \text{ eV s}$$

$$1 \text{ atm} = 1.013 \text{ bar} = 1.013 \cdot 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2 = 1.013 \cdot 10^5 \text{ Pa}$$

$$1 \text{ eV} = 1.602 \cdot 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

$$1 \text{ u} = 1.661 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$